Who's evidence?

Retional Indian Child Welfare Association

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Land Acknowledgements

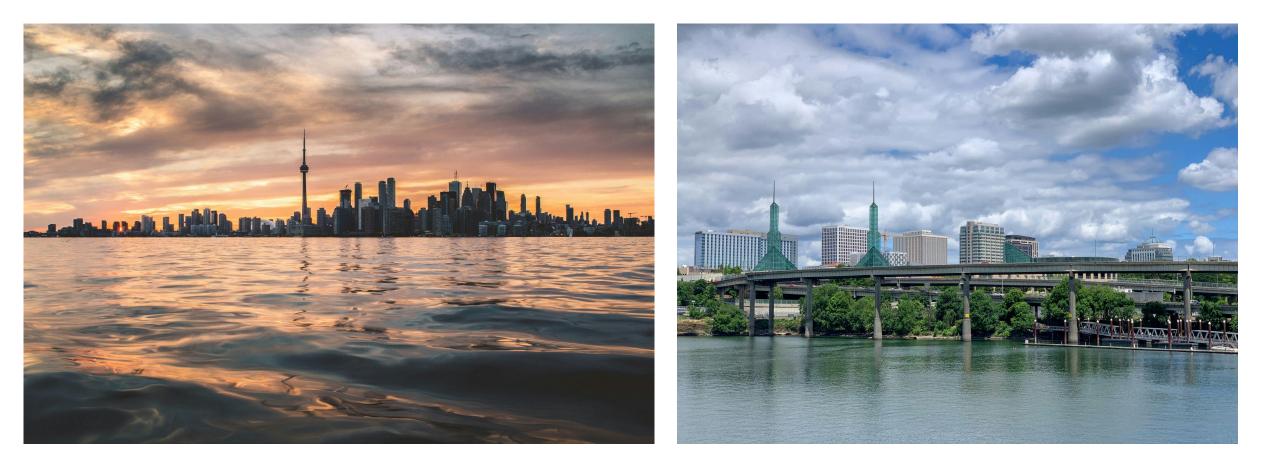


Photo by Robin Davidson on Unsplash

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Our Team

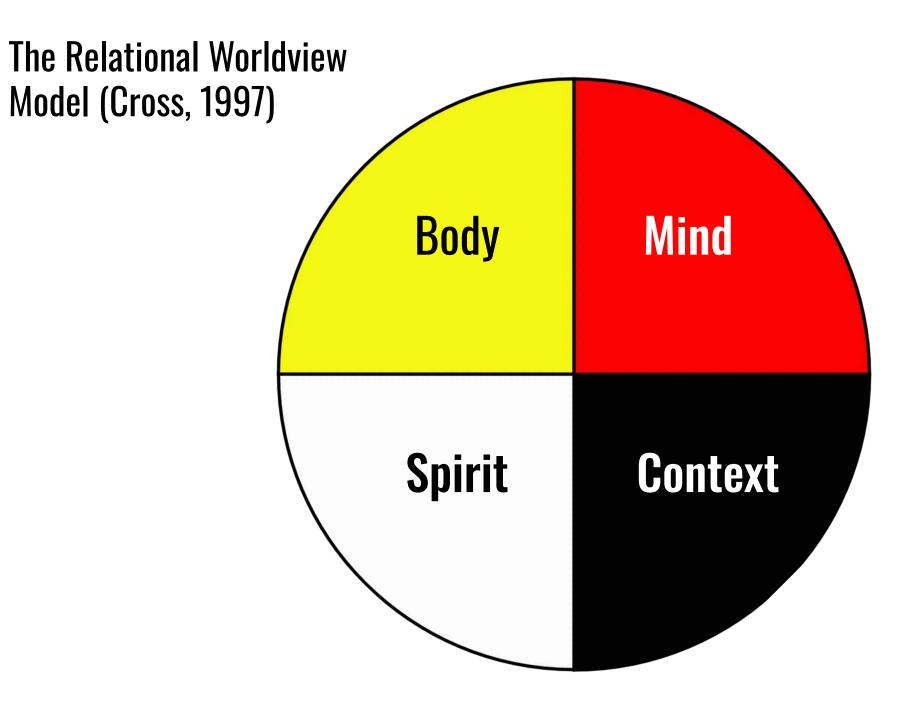
Terry Cross, Seneca, National Indian Child Welfare Association Sarah Kastelic, Alutiiq, National Indian Child Welfare Association Nichole Maher, Tlingit, Native American Youth and Family Center Cori Matthew, Salish & Blackfeet, Native American Youth and Family Center Shannon Effler, Native American Youth and Family Center Barbara Friesen, Portland State University Pauline Jivanjee, Portland State University

Problem: Oregon State policy mandates for evidence-based mental health services to receive funding.

But whose evidence?

Solution: Employ a practice-based evidence approach to identify best practices in a real world setting.

Used community-based participatory, culturally inclusive approaches to understand and seek understanding and knowledge



Community-generated outcomes (sample)

Body Healthy Iifestyle Fitness Health care Housing Finances	Mind Coping Personal qualities & capacities Education Employment Focus and determination Cultural knowledge Identity
Spiritual understanding and	Context
practices	Healthy relationships
Connection to Native ancestry	Safety
Knowledge and skills in	Positive community
traditional cultural practices	relationships and contributions
Expressing Native Identity	Connecting with resources

Problem: How to both honor community-identified outcomes and recognize White western funding obligations.

Whose values are reflected in our evaluation tools?

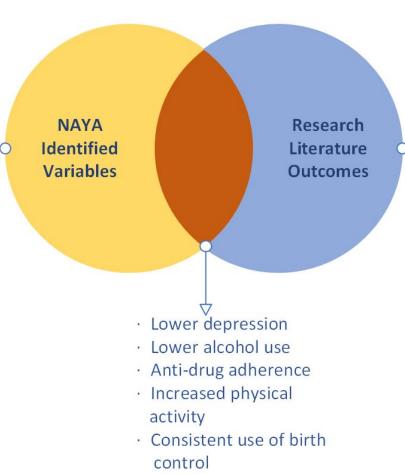
Solution: Crosswalk community-identified outcomes to Western grant mandates

"Walk in both worlds"

 Positive cultural identitiy

1-

- Communitymindedness
- School belongingness
- Reduced perceived discrimination
- Hope
- Spirituality
- Positive relationships with
- adults
- Conflict resolution



- · Increased hopefulness
- Higher employment
- · School belonginess

- Higher selfesteem Lower antisocial behavior Lower internalizing behavior Reduced suicide School Success Higher social functioning
- Increased resilience

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- Better physical health
- Better
 psychological
 health
- Better health practices
- Lower gang involvement
- Perception of less neighborhood disorder
- Better athletic performance
- Decreased likelihood of hurting someone

Figure 1.b. Relationship of NAYA-identified outcomes to variables from existing evidence

Crosswalk (2010)

- Project Officer approval
- Created a case
 assessment tool for youth
 services using NAYA's
 variables (the ones in the
 horizontal axis plus the
 ones in red).

		NAYA-IDENTIFIED VARIABLES									
		Community- mindedness	Positive cultural identity	S chool belongingness	Reduced perceived discrimination	Норе	Spirituality	Positive relationships with adults	Conflict resolution		
T	Lower depression						5	8	0		
	Lower alcohol use							C (0			
	Lower antisocial behavior										
RE (Lower internalizing behavior										
	Reduced suicide										
	School success										
ATU	Increased school belongingness										
OUTCOMES FROM THE RESEARCH LITERATURE (NAYA-IDENTIFIED OUTCOMES ARE IN RED)	Anti-drug adherence										
	Higher self-esteem										
	Higher social functioning										
CON	Increased resilience										
DUT	Better physical health										
ED	Better psychological health										
TIFI	Better health practices										
DEN	Increased physical activity										
AA-I	Consistent use of birth control										
(NA	Lower gang involvement										
	Perception of less neighborhood disorder					-					
	Better athletic performance										
	Increased hopefulness										
	Higher levels of employment										
	Decreased likelihood of hurting someone						2				

Lessons Learned During the Process

- Community-based research takes time: "Move at the speed of trust"
- Putting White Western definitions of "success" to the side and listen to what matters to the community
- How to frame questions: "normalizing behavior"
- Learning different ways of thinking/understanding the cultural milieu.

Continued Reflections

- Talk about colonialism and abuses in research
- In our academic writing and conference presentations, the researcher story was centered. Do better.

This experience continues to shape our work.

Citations

Friesen, B. J., Gowen, L. K., Lo, P., Bandurraga, A., Cross, T. L., & Matthew, C. (2010). Literature support for outcomes in evaluating culturally- and community- based programs. Indicators of success for urban American Indian/Alaska Native Youth: An agency example. Practice-Based Evidence Project, Research & Training Center on Family Support & Children's Mental Health, Portland State University: Portland, OR.

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